# Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2)



In vitro method for the prognosis and/or for predicting mortality risk in patients suffering from Coronavirus infection.



## **CLINICAL NEED / NEED**

respiratory Severe acute syndrome (SARS-CoV-2) coronavirus 2 coronavirus strain responsible respiratory illness. In February 2020, the WHO declared the COVID-19 outbreak a public health emergency of international concern. However, there are no sensitive and specific tests able to correlate the mortality risk with the presence of viremia and/or the degree of viral replication.



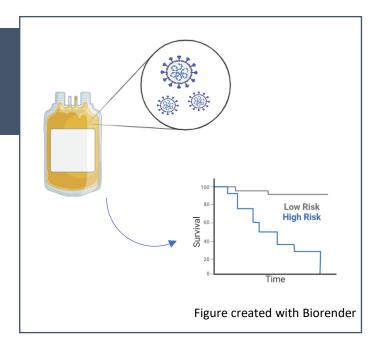
#### **SOLUTION**

Our group has developed a **new** *in vitro* **prognosis test for COVID-19** that allows the rapid identification of patients with a higher mortality risk and need of hospitalization.



#### **COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE**

Highly sensitive and specific tests are crucial for the **early identification** and selection of patients with a higher mortality risk. Respiratory secretion sampling does not offer a solution to this problem. Our test quantifying COVID-19 antigen in plasma offers a sensitive and specific prediction of mortality.





#### **INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY**

patent (EP20383140) European submitted application was December 2020. Currently in national phase Europe. in Applicants: **HCB** FRCBand IDIBAPS.



#### **DEVELOPMENT**

Critically and non-critically COVID-19 patients have been screened in a multicentric study in Spain.



#### **GRANTS AND AWARDS**

CIBERES – UCICOVID 2020



## **LOOKING FOR...**

Partners (Diagnostic, CROs) for **licenses agreement.** 



#### THE TEAM



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CONTACT DETAILS

Knowledge and Technology

Group leader in "Applied research in infectious respiratory diseases and critically ill patients" research area at IDIBAPS.