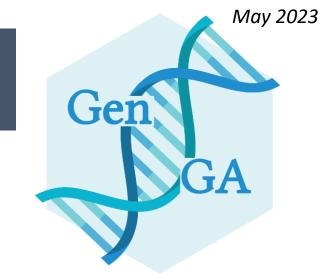
GenGA

Gene Therapy for Glutaric Aciduria

Treatment for Glutaric Aciduria type I (GA-I) based on gene therapy.





CLINICAL NEED

Glutaric Aciduria type I (GA-I), classified as an orphan disease, is a genetic metabolic disorder caused by a deficiency in glutaryl-CoA dehydrogenase (GCDH), a key enzyme for the metabolism of lysine, hydroxylysine and tryptophan. The GCDH altered activity causes development of a complex movement disorder and premature death.



SOLUTION

gene therapy has been strategy developed based on the administration of the GCDH gene.



COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE

GA-I is currently treated by dietary lysine restriction carnitine and supplementation. Unfortunately, one-third of affected children poorly respond to therapy and experience striatal despite degeneration careful management, clearly showing the need of development effective of more therapies.



INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

European patent (EP23382397) application was submitted 27 of April 2023. Hospital Clínic de Barcelona, CIBER and FRCB-IDIBAPS share joint ownership.



DEVELOPMENT

Pre-clinical assays have been performed with mice models and showed promising results to accomplish clinical trials.





LOOKING FOR...

Partners for license agreement or codevelopment.















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